Homeowner "Spring Cleaning" Checklist

This "How-To" resource serves as an action-oriented, step-by-step guide for homeowners to follow in preparing for fire season.

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Remove dead branches overhanging your roof Remove any branches within 10 feet of your chimney Clean all dead leaves and needles from your roof and gutters Install a roof that meets the fire resistance classification of "Class C" or better Cover your chimney outlet and stovepipe with a nonflammable screen of 1/2 inch or smaller mesh
<u>ndscape</u>
Create a "defensible space" by removing all flammable vegetation at least 30 feet from all structures and replacing it with fire resistant plants On steep slopes, remove flammable vegetation 100 feet or more from all structures Space native trees and shrubs at least 10 feet apart For trees taller than 18 feet, prune lower branches within six feet of the ground Choose ornamental landscaping plants that are fire resistant Reduce the number of trees in heavily wooded areas Maintain all plants by regularly removing dead branches, leaves and needles Properly trim small-stature trees so they do not grow into power lines
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Stack woodpiles at least 30 feet from all structures and clear away flammable vegetation within 10 feet of woodpiles Locate liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) tanks (butane and propane) at least 30 feet from any structure and surround them with 10 feet of clearance Remove all stacks of construction materials, pine needles, leaves and other debris from your yard Contact your local fire department to see if open burning is allowed in your area; if so, obtain a burning permit Where burn barrels are allowed, clear flammable materials at least 10 feet around the barrel; cover the open top with a non-flammable screen with mesh no larger than ½ inch
nergency Water Supply
Maintain an emergency water supply, that meets fire department standards, through one of the following: - a community water/hydrant system - a cooperative emergency storage tank with neighbors - a minimum storage supply of 2,500 gallons on your property Clearly mark all emergency water sources Create easy firefighter access to your closest emergency water source If your water comes from a well, consider an emergency generator to operate the pump during a power failure

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<u>Access</u>	

	Identify at least two exit routes from your neighborhood
	Construct roads that allow two-way traffic
	Design road width, grade and curves to allow access for large emergency vehicles
	Construct driveways to allow large emergency equipment to reach your house
	Design bridges to carry heavy emergency vehicles, including bulldozers carried on large trucks
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_	Post clear road signs to show traffic restrictions such as dead-end roads, and weight and height limitations
	Make sure dead-end roads and long driveways have turnaround areas wide enough for
	emergency vehicles
	Construct turnouts along one-way roads
	Clear flammable vegetation at least 10 feet from roads and five feet from driveways
	Cut back overhanging tree branches above roads
	Make sure that your street is named or numbered, and a sign is visibly posted at each street intersection
	Make sure that your street name and house number are not duplicated elsewhere in the
	county
	Post your house address at the beginning of your driveway, or on your house if it is easily
	visible from the road
	Construct fire barriers, such as greenbelts, parks, golf courses and athletic fields
<u>Ou</u>	<u>tside</u>
	Designate an emergency meeting place outside your home
	Practice emergency exit drills with your family regularly
	Make sure that electric service lines, fuse boxes and circuit breaker panels are installed and
_	maintained as prescribed by code
П	Contact qualified individuals to perform electrical maintenance and repairs
_	Contact quanties individuals to perform electrical maintenance and repairs
Co	<u>nstruction</u>
	Build your home away from ridge tops, canyons and areas between high points on a ridge Build your home at least 30 feet from your property line Use fire resistant building materials
	Enclose the underside of balconies and above-ground decks with fire resistant materials Limit the size and number of windows in your home that face large areas of vegetation Install only dual-paned or triple-paned windows